

Public Report Audit Committee

Committee Name and Date of Committee Meeting

Audit Committee - 26 November 2024

Report Title

Information Governance Annual Report 2023/24

Is this a Key Decision and has it been included on the Forward Plan?

No, but it has been included on the Forward Plan

Strategic Director Approving Submission of the Report

Judith Badger, Strategic Director of Finance and Customer Services

Report Author(s)

Luke Sayers, Assistant Director- Customer, Information and Digital Services luke.sayers@rotherham.gov.uk

Paul Vessey, Head of Information Management paul.vessey@rotherham.gov.uk

Ward(s) Affected

Borough-Wide

Report Summary

This report is an annual report on the Council's compliance with Data Protection and Freedom of Information legislation.

Recommendations

The Audit Committee is asked to:-

- 1. Note the production of the Data Protection/FOI Annual Report 2023/24.
- 2. Note that it is a requirement that the Council continues its maintenance of its Information Governance practices and processes in compliance with legislation.

List of Appendices Included

Appendix 1 FOI & RoAR Statistics Appendix 2 Data Breaches

Background Papers

Information Commissioner's Office https://ico.org.uk/

A-Z of Information Management Documents

http://rmbcintranet/Directorates/FCS/CIDS/IM/Pages/A-Z of Documents.aspx

Consideration by any other Council Committee, Scrutiny or Advisory Panel No

Council Approval Required

No

Exempt from the Press and Public

No

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1. Background

- 1.1 This report is an annual report on the Council's compliance with Data Protection legislation and the Freedom of Information Act.
- 1.2 The Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA) is the UK's implementation of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR).
- 1.3 The DPA makes it a legal requirement for organisations to adhere to the 'data protection principles'. Organisations must make sure that information:
 - 1.3.1 Is used fairly, lawfully and transparently;
 - 1.3.2 Used for specified, explicit purposes;
 - 1.3.3 Used in a way that is adequate, relevant and limited to only what is necessary;
 - 1.3.4 Accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date;
 - 1.3.5 Kept for no longer than is necessary; and
 - 1.3.6 Handled in a way that ensures appropriate security, including protection against unlawful or unauthorised processing, access, loss, destruction or damage.
- 1.4 The Act also provides stronger legal protection for more sensitive personal information.
- 1.5 The Freedom of Information Act 2000 (FOI) provides public access to information held by public authorities. It does this in two ways:
 - 1.5.1 Public authorities are obliged to publish certain information about their activities; and
 - 1.5.2 Members of the public are entitled to request information from public authorities.
- 1.6 The FOI Act covers any **recorded** information that is held by a public authority.
- 1.7 The Information Commissioners Office is the UK's independent body set up to uphold information rights and it is responsible for enforcement of the rights and responsibilities set out in the DPA and FOI.
- 1.8 Monitoring of the council's compliance with DPA and FOI is carried out by the Corporate Information Governance Group (CIGG) which has representatives from all Directorates and is chaired by the Council's Senior Information Risk Officer (SIRO).
- 1.9 Any risks relating to Information Governance, including GDPR and Data Protection are monitored on a regular basis by this group. Risks and actions are logged and reviewed at CIGG meetings and, if necessary, are escalated in line with the Council's risk management processes.

2. Key Issues

2.1 Maintain Compliance:

- 2.1.1 The key issue is to ensure that compliance with data protection and freedom of information legislation is maintained.
- 2.1.2 Compliance with data protection and access to information principles is a continuous project. CIGG fulfils a core function in monitoring and overseeing information risks by regularly monitoring the effectiveness of the council's governance and implementation of its responsibilities for Data Protection and Freedom of Information.
- 2.2 Monitor Performance of Freedom of Information and Right of Access Requests:
 - 2.2.1 **Freedom of Information Requests:** Public authorities must respond to requests for information promptly and within 20 working days following the date of receipt of the request.
 - 2.2.2 Overall 90% of Freedom of Information requests were responded to within the statutory time limits. The number of requests received during 2023/24 increased to 1,307 compared to 1,145 in 2022/2023.
 - 2.2.3 Despite a 2% drop in performance compared to 2022/2023, there has been a numerical increase in the number of requests responded to within the statutory time to 1,177. This is more than in each of the previous three years.
 - 2.2.4 Analysis of the data did not raise any concerns on the year's performance.
 - 2.2.5 No Freedom of Information requests have been formally refused as invalid. There is one individual who is vexatious on a specific line of enquiry. However, should a vexatious request be received it still receives a formal response under the Act.
 - 2.2.6 **Right of Access Requests:** Organisations normally have one calendar month to reply to a valid request.
 - 2.2.7 Overall 41% of Right of Access requests (RoARs) were completed within the statutory time limits. The number of requests received during 2023/24 remained the same at 214.
 - 2.2.8 Performance fell by 15% compared with 2022/2023 and this was reflected by a numerical decrease in the number of requests responded to within the statutory time to 87.
 - 2.2.9 Performance was affected by a smaller proportion of the RoARs received by the Council that are classed as 'simple requests'; these are easier and quicker to process.

- 2.2.10 Simple RoARs include requests for CCTV coverage and requests for information with is held in individual systems such as Housing and Council Tax. All are straightforward to extract, validate, review and process.
- 2.2.11 Large and complex RoARs have numerically increased and now make up the majority received by the Council.
- 2.2.12 These are resource intensive as they involve reviewing large volumes of historical data, specialists within children's services and are often linked to CSE. To place this into context, some requests can take an officer six to seven months to review and complete.
- 2.2.13 Additional resources have been added to the team's capacity to improve performance. This appears to be having a positive impact in reducing wait times.
- 2.2.14 Appendix 1 provides FOI and RoAR performance for the last four financial years.
- 2.2.15 Performance will continue to be closely monitored with the focus on improving time to completion.

3. Data Protection Incidents and Breaches

- 3.1 The Council actively encourages services to report any suspected data incidents, and all reported cases are investigated. Appendix two provides a breakdown of the number and classification of incidents.
- 3.2 Monitoring information security incidents enables the Council to proactively improve the Council's risk profile by learning lessons from an incident and reducing the likelihood of it happening again. By monitoring and responding to incidents within a 'no blame culture' has ensured that even the smallest of concerns are raised.
- 3.3 Most data breaches are assessed as low risk or below the threshold for statutory reporting
- 3.4 Every reported incident is logged, investigated and recommendations are made to the service that will reduce the likelihood of a repeat incident.
- 3.5 Examples of low-risk breaches are misdirected emails with limited or no personal data, emails sent with Carbon Copy (CC) instead of Blind Carbon Copy (BCC) exposing email addresses, and Council Tax bills sent to the wrong address. These are also classed as 'disclosed in error' and are approximately 88% of the reported breaches.
- 3.6 Serious beaches are reported to the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) and one incident was reported to ICO in 22/23 financial year. This was a cyber security related incident and was reported as a precaution. Following an internal investigation no data was lost or exposed. No action was taken by the Information Commissioner.

4. Options considered and recommended proposal

- 4.1 There are no new proposals or recommended options. However, it is a requirement that the council continues the maintenance of its Information Governance processes in compliance with Data Protection and Freedom of Information requirements.
- 4.2 It should be noted that continued compliance to the Data Protection Act 2018 and the Freedom of Information Act 2000 can only be achieved by the continued support of all Council Staff and Councillors. Key roles such as Information Asset Owners and Data Protection Officer can use existing governance structures to ensure ongoing compliance.

5. Consultation on proposal

5.1 None

6. Timetable and Accountability for Implementing this Decision

6.1 None

7. Financial and Procurement Advice and Implications

7.1 There are no direct financial or procurement implications arising from this report.

8. Legal Advice and Implications

8.1 There are no legal implications arising from this report, except to reiterate that the council has a duty to comply with Data Protection legislation.

9. Human Resources Advice and Implications

9.1 There are no direct implications for HR arising from this report.

10. Implications for Children and Young People and Vulnerable Adults

10.1 There are no direct implications for children and young people or vulnerable adults arising from this report.

11. Equalities and Human Rights Advice and Implications

11.1 There are no direct equalities or human rights implications arising from this report.

12. Implications for Partners

12.1 There are no direct implications for partners arising from this report.

13. Risks and Mitigation

13.1 Risks and mitigation will be managed by CIGG and the council's risk processes.

14. Accountable Officer(s)

Luke Sayers, Assistant Director- Customer, Information and Digital Services luke.sayers@rotherham.gov.uk

Paul Vessey, Head of Information Management paul.vessey@rotherham.gov.uk

Report Author:

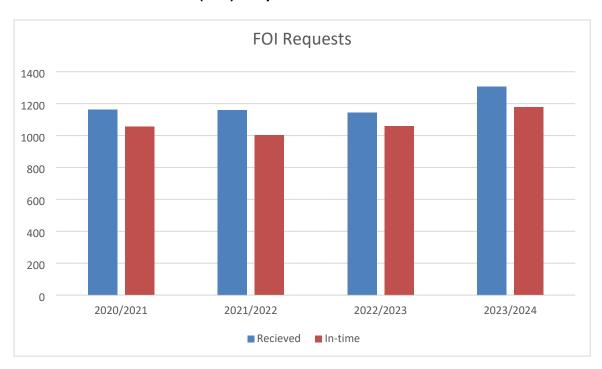
Luke Sayers, Assistant Director- Customer, Information and Digital Services luke.sayers@rotherham.gov.uk

Paul Vessey, Head of Information Management paul.vessey@rotherham.gov.uk

This report is published on the Council's website.

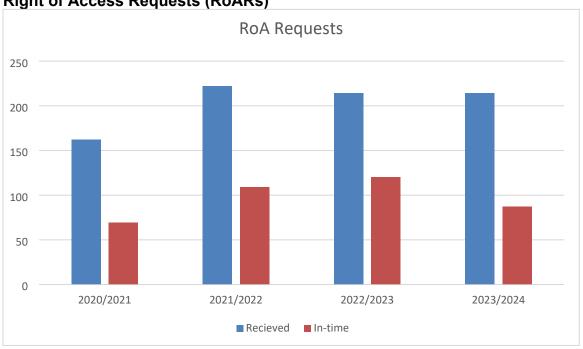
Appendix 1: FOI & RoAR Statistics

Freedom of Information (FOI) Requests



Year	Number Received	Number Completed in Time	% Completed in Time	
2020/2021	1163	1055	9:	1%
2021/2022	1160	1002	86	6%
2022/2023	1145	1060	92	2%
2023/2024	1307	1177	90	0%





Year	Number Received	Number Completed in Time	% Completed in Time	
2020/2021	162	69		43%
2021/2022	222	109		49%
2022/2023	214	120		56%
2023/2024	214	87		41%

Appendix 2: Data Incidents

Information Security Incident Stats 2023/24									
Cases	To	tal number	Reported to	Compla	Complaints				
Investigated	of	incidents	ICÒ	from ICO					
201		154	1	0					
Incident Category		FACS	ACH	R&E	PI	Н	CYPS	AC	CX
Lost in Transit									
Lost or stolen hardware	Lost or stolen		1	1			3	,	1
Lost or stolen paperwork			2						
Disclosed in Error		40	23	14			48	1	1
Uploaded to website in error			1				1		
Non-secure Disposal – hardware									
Non-secure Disposal – paperwork									
Technical security failing									1
Corruption or inability to recove electronic data	er								
Unauthorised access/disclosure		2					1		1
Social Media Platforms									
IG Other		1					1	•	1
Totals No of Incidents 23/24	Į.	43	27	15	C)	54	1	5

Year	Cases Investigated	Total Number of Incidents	Reported to ICO
2021/2022	179	122	1
2022/2023	173	134	2
2023/2024	201	154	1